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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/814,985	03/31/2004	Neal R. Rueger	872-0102US	1278
29855 7590 10/08/2008 WONG, CABELLO, LUTSCH, RUTHERFORD & BRUCCULERI,		EXAMINER		
L.L.P.			KACKAR, RAM N	
20333 SH 249 SUITE 600 HOUSTON, TX 77070		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1792		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/08/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comments	10/814,985	RUEGER, NEAL R.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Ram N. Kackar	1792					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Ju</u>	lv 2008.						
·= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.						
<i>,</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-23 and 56-70</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>12 and 56-70</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11 and 13-23</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	<u> </u>						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:							
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 11 and 13-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gary Powell (US 6538734).

Gary Powell discloses a reaction chamber (101 also processing chamber of the claim) for deposition or etch processing (Col 1 lines 10-20). Further, Gary Powell discloses an excitation chamber (105 also plasma chamber of claim) for detecting a sample gas by exciting it to emit radiation representing its chemical composition (Abstract) and teaches that this excitation chamber could be coupled to the reaction chamber to analyse a sample of exhaust gas coming out of plasma processing in the reaction chamber. As a further aspect Gary Powell discloses determining a flow of unknown sample gas when combined with a known flow of reference gas (Abstract and Col 1 lines 34-37) when the combination is excited together in the excitation chamber. The excitation chamber is disclosed to comprise a cylindrical cavity for receiving the processing gas (Fig 2-235) and a reference gas (Col 1 line 33-37, Col 7 lines 31-40 and Col 8 lines 7-14). The sampled gas could be exhaust gas of a process or its representative (Col 2 lines 7-14). Further disclosed is an energy source coupled inductively to the excitation chamber for excitation of the gas (203), flange for processing gas (Fig 2-221), window for monitoring the

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plasma (237), fiber optics (208), a computer (112) to receive and analyze the spectrum and to control (Abstract). The process could be plasma or non-plasma (Col 7 lines 31-40).

As discussed above, Gary Powell teaches the presence of both reference gas and sample gas in the excitation chamber for the disclosed method of analysis but does not disclose the mechanism or plumbing needed to accomplish this. For proving the concept Gary Powell discloses flowing both reference gas through the same process chamber as the one which produces the sample gas. Further no plasma is generated in this process chamber so that it merely provides a conduit for the reference and sample gases to reaction chamber of Gary Powell where plasma for analysis is produced.

After being assured of the success of this method, to provide two inlets- one dedicated for reference gas and one dedicated for sample gas- coupled to the excitation chamber so as to include reference gas with sample gas in the excitation chamber in order to get the analytical advantage according to the teaching of Gary Powell would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention.

Having a dedicated input for reference gas has the obvious advantage that a self contained unit with a dedicated port could be designed for any number or type of reference gases and could be attached to any process chamber without any modification to it, since on a process chamber, gas inlet ports would generally be specific to a certain process. It is obvious that with a dedicated input for reference gas it will not pass through a process chamber.

3. Claims 11 and 13-23 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gary Powell (US 6538734) in view of Fujimura et al (US 6007671).

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Gary Powell discloses a reaction chamber (101 also processing chamber of the claim) for deposition or etch processing (Col 1 lines 10-20). Further, Gary Powell discloses an excitation chamber (105 also plasma chamber of claim) for detecting a sample gas by exciting it to emit radiation representing its chemical composition (Abstract) and teaches that this excitation chamber could be coupled to the reaction chamber to analyze a sample of exhaust gas coming out of plasma processing in the reaction chamber. As a further aspect Gary Powell discloses determining a flow of unknown sample gas when combined with a known flow of reference gas (Abstract and Col 1 lines 34-37) when the combination is excited together in the excitation chamber. The excitation chamber is disclosed to comprise a cylindrical cavity for receiving the processing gas (Fig 2-235) and a reference gas (Col 1 line 33-37, Col 7 lines 31-40 and Col 8 lines 7-14). The sampled gas could be exhaust gas of a process or its representative (Col 2 lines 7-14). Further disclosed is an energy source coupled inductively to the excitation chamber for excitation of the gas (203), flange for processing gas (Fig 2-221), window for monitoring the plasma (237), fiber optics (208), a computer (112) to receive and analyze the spectrum and to control (Abstract). The process could be plasma or non-plasma (Col 7 lines 31-40).

As discussed above, Gary Powell teaches the presence of both reference gas and sample gas in the excitation chamber for the disclosed method of analysis but does not disclose the mechanism or plumbing needed to accomplish this. For proving the concept Gary Powell discloses flowing both reference gas through the same process chamber as the one which produces the sample gas. Further no plasma is generated in this process chamber so that it merely provides a conduit for the reference and sample gases to reaction chamber of Gary Powell where plasma for analysis is produced.

After being assured of the success of this method, to provide two inlets- one dedicated for reference gas and one dedicated for sample gas- coupled to the excitation chamber so as to include reference gas with sample gas in the excitation chamber in order to get the analytical advantage according to the teaching of Gary Powell would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention.

Having a dedicated input for reference gas has the obvious advantage that a self contained unit with a dedicated port could be designed for any number or type of reference gases and could be attached to any process chamber without any modification to it, since on a process chamber, gas inlet ports would generally be specific to a certain process.

Fujimura et al discloses a plasma chamber (Fig 1-1) for detecting a sample gas by exciting it in a plasma cavity (3). Further, Fujimura et al disclose determining a flow of sample gas (for example hydrogen by actinometry- as in Col 11- lines 33-36) when combined with a reference gas (H₂O as in Fig 1, Fig 7 and Col 10 lines 57-59) when the combination is excited together in the plasma chamber. The reference gas is not disclosed passing through any process chamber. The excitation chamber is disclosed to comprise a cylindrical cavity for receiving the processing gas.

Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to provide for inlets for reference gas in addition to exhaust gas to enable determination of exhaust gas according to the teaching of Gary Powell.

The limitation of "wherein the reference gas does not pass through the processing chamber" is an intended use limitation and does not point to any structural limitation. Further, claim 10 is also directed to an intended use.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 7/1/2008 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

Applicant argues that in Powell the reference gas passes through the process chamber. It

is noted that there is nothing in Powell to insist that if reference gas does not pass through the

process chamber actinometric analysis down stream will not work. This is evident from the fact

that the gases pass through the process chamber without any plasma or processing to modify

them (Col 7 lines 31-40).

As pointed out before the limitation "wherein the reference gas does not pass through the

processing chamber" is merely a process limitation. Therefore using this as a reason to traverse

an apparatus rejection relied upon Fujimura, is not proper.

Regarding the negative limitation "wherein the reference gas does not pass through the

processing chamber" it is noted that although reference gas has a dedicated input and therefore

does not pass through the process chamber, there is no appreciation in the specification that it is

anything more than a mere plumbing convenience. This is also evident from Powell (Col 1 lines

61-64).

As such, provision of a dedicated input to reference gas amounts to no more than a

rearrangement of parts where benefits of such a rearrangement could be assured without any

doubt.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ram N. Kackar whose telephone number is 571 272 1436. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 A.M to 5:P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh can be reached on 571 272 1435. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Ram N Kackar/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1792